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SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5610

State of Washington 57th Legislature 2001 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Haugen, Carlson, Gardner and Winsley)

READ FIRST TIME 03/08/01.

- AN ACT Relating to traffic safety cameras; amending RCW 46.63.030
- 2 and 46.63.140; adding new sections to chapter 46.63 RCW; and creating
- 3 a new section.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 46.63 RCW 6 to read as follows:
- 7 (1) The use of traffic safety cameras is subject to the following 8 regulations:
- 9 (a) The appropriate legislative authority must enact an ordinance,
- 10 or the department of transportation must first establish traffic safety
- 11 camera zones, allowing for their use to detect one or more of the
- 12 following: Speeding, stoplight, or railroad crossing violations. At
- 13 a minimum, the local ordinance must contain the restrictions described
- 14 in sections 1 through 4 of this act. Cities and counties using traffic
- 15 safety cameras before the effective date of this act are subject to the
- 16 restrictions described in sections 1 through 4 of this act, but are not
- 17 required to enact an authorizing ordinance.
- 18 (b) Traffic safety cameras may take pictures of the vehicle and the
- 19 vehicle license plate only.

p. 1 SSB 5610

- 1 (c) The jurisdiction must develop a public notification program for 2 areas in which traffic safety cameras will be used. Under their 3 respective jurisdictions, the law enforcement agency or the department 4 of transportation shall plainly mark the locations where the traffic 5 safety cameras are used by placing signs on street locations that 6 clearly indicate to a driver that he or she is entering a zone where 7 traffic laws are enforced by traffic safety cameras.
- 8 (d) A notice of traffic infraction must be mailed to the registered 9 owner of the vehicle within fourteen days of the infraction occurring.
- 10 (e) A person receiving a notice of traffic infraction based on 11 evidence detected by a traffic safety camera may respond to the notice 12 by mail.
- (2) Infractions detected through the use of traffic safety cameras will be recorded as are stopping, standing, or parking violations under RCW 46.61.560, but are not part of the registered owner's driving record under RCW 46.52.101 and 46.52.120.
 - (3) The traffic safety commission may adopt rules regarding:
- 18 (a) Mechanical and operational standards for traffic safety camera 19 equipment;
- 20 (b) The placement of signs to notify drivers that they are entering 21 a jurisdiction or area that uses traffic safety cameras;
- (c) Recommendations on how cities and counties will educate the public about traffic safety cameras.
- 24 (4) Jurisdictions using traffic safety cameras must comply with any 25 standards adopted under subsection (3) of this section.
- 26 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.63.030 and 1995 c 219 s 5 are each amended to read 27 as follows:
- 28 (1) A law enforcement officer has the authority to issue a notice 29 of traffic infraction:
- 30 (a) When the infraction is committed in the officer's presence;
- 31 (b) When the officer is acting upon the request of a law 32 enforcement officer in whose presence the traffic infraction was 33 committed; $((\frac{or}{or}))$
- 34 (c) If an officer investigating at the scene of a motor vehicle 35 accident has reasonable cause to believe that the driver of a motor 36 vehicle involved in the accident has committed a traffic infraction; or

SSB 5610 p. 2

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(d) When a notice of traffic infraction may be mailed to the 1 registered owner of or the person renting a vehicle as authorized under 2 subsection (2) of this section.

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- 4 (2) When a traffic safety camera is used in compliance with section 1 of this act, a law enforcement officer, whether present or not during 5 the commission of the infraction, or other issuing agency may issue a 6 7 notice of traffic infraction by mail to the registered owner of the 8 vehicle or the person renting the vehicle. The registered owner of the 9 vehicle or the person renting the vehicle is responsible for the 10 infraction.
- (3) A court may issue a notice of traffic infraction upon receipt 11 of a written statement of the officer that there is reasonable cause to 12 believe that an infraction was committed. 13
 - (((3))) (4) If any motor vehicle without a driver is found parked, standing, or stopped in violation of this title or an equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution, the officer finding the vehicle shall take its registration number and may take any other information displayed on the vehicle which may identify its user, and shall conspicuously affix to the vehicle a notice of traffic infraction.
 - ((4))) (5) In the case of failure to redeem an abandoned vehicle under RCW 46.55.120, upon receiving a complaint by a registered tow truck operator that has incurred costs in removing, storing, and disposing of an abandoned vehicle, an officer of the law enforcement agency responsible for directing the removal of the vehicle shall send a notice of infraction by certified mail to the last known address of the registered owner of the vehicle. The officer shall append to the notice of infraction, on a form prescribed by the department of licensing, a notice indicating the amount of costs incurred as a result of removing, storing, and disposing of the abandoned vehicle, less any amount realized at auction, and a statement that monetary penalties for the infraction will not be considered as having been paid until the monetary penalty payable under this chapter has been paid and the court is satisfied that the person has made restitution in the amount of the deficiency remaining after disposal of the vehicle.
- 36 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 46.63 RCW 37 to read as follows:

p. 3 SSB 5610

- The registered owner of a vehicle is responsible for an infraction under RCW 46.63.030(2) unless within fifteen days after notification of the infraction the registered owner furnishes the officials or agents of the municipality that issued the notice of infraction with:
- 5 (1) An affidavit made under oath, stating that the vehicle involved 6 was, at the time, stolen or in the care, custody, or control of some 7 person other than the registered owner; or
- 8 (2) Testimony in open court under oath that the person was not the 9 operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged infraction.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 46.63 RCW to read as follows:
- 12 If a notice of traffic infraction is sent to the registered owner under RCW 46.63.030(2) and the registered owner is a rental car 13 14 business, the infraction will be dismissed against the business if it 15 mails to the issuing agency, within fourteen days of receiving the notice, the name and known mailing address of the individual driving or 16 renting the vehicle when the infraction occurred. If the business is 17 18 unable to determine who was driving or renting the vehicle at the time 19 the infraction occurred, the business must sign an affidavit making this declaration. The affidavit must be mailed to the issuing agency 20 within fourteen days of receiving the notice of infraction. 21 22 affidavit form suitable for this purpose must be included with each infraction issued, along with instructions for its completion and use. 23
- 24 **Sec. 5.** RCW 46.63.140 and 1980 c 128 s 11 are each amended to read 25 as follows:
- (1) In any traffic infraction case involving a violation of this 26 title or equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, 27 28 regulation, or resolution relating to the stopping, standing, or parking of a vehicle, proof that the particular vehicle described in 29 the notice of traffic infraction was stopping, standing, or parking in 30 31 violation of any such provision of this title or an equivalent 32 administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or 33 resolution, together with proof that the person named in the notice of traffic infraction was at the time of the violation the registered 34 35 owner of the vehicle, ((shall)) constitute in evidence a prima facie presumption that the registered owner of the vehicle was the person who 36

SSB 5610 p. 4

- 1 parked or placed the vehicle at the point where, and for the time 2 during which, the violation occurred.
- 3 (2) The foregoing stated presumption ((shall apply)) applies only 4 when the procedure prescribed in RCW 46.63.030(((3))) (4) has been 5 followed.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. The legislature respectfully requests the Washington state supreme court to amend the Infraction Rules for Courts of Limited Jurisdiction to conform to this act. Furthermore, the legislature respectfully asks the court to create a notice of traffic infraction that is consistent with this act.

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p. 5 SSB 5610